

## PROCEEDINGS OF THE 14<sup>th</sup> INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON PRIVATE HIGHER EDUCATION IN AFRICA

Tuesday, 12th & Wednesday, 13th July, 2016

Theme: The Role of Private Higher Education Institutions (PHEIs) in Sustainable Development

Held at African Union Conference Centre, Addis Ababa, Ethiopia

Editor: Prof. Olugbemiro Jegede.

The Importance of Using High Impact Data to Make Ethiopian Universities Competitive by Joy Owango, Scientific & Scholarly Research, Thomson Reuters

## Introduction

Africa faces many challenges, including lack of infrastructure, geographic and institutional isolation and a lack of investment in skills development and research. Yet its research output continues to grow exponentially. With this growth, comes huge disparities among countries and regions.

These differences are influenced by many factors, including countries' research infrastructure and network, local funding and finance frameworks and policies supporting education and research. Factors that positively influence research and innovation in higher performing countries include:

- Strong, functioning national research funding and subsidy systems
- National science, technology and innovation policies and programmes
- Networks such as university-industry linkages and researcher collaboration

• The existence of national systems of innovation including research laboratories, higher education institutions, and industrial research agencies.

Many African organisations and institutions still lack the resources and tools to collate and analyse data to benchmark and track research and innovation performance.

Narrowing all the above down from continental platform to country level, Ethiopia the country being considered in this paper, faces similar challenges as experienced in the rest of the continent. However, it should be noted that despite these challenges, Ethiopia has produced over 13,912 high impact research publications since 1933. This could be seen in the figure of Web of Science shown below.

WEB OF SCIENC	E™	
Search		My Tools - Search History Marked List
Results: 13,912 (from Web of Science Core Collection)	Sort by: Publication Date oldest to newest 🗸	
You searched for: CU= Ethiopia an d PY=1900-2016More Create Alert	Select Page 🔂 Save to EndNote online 🗸 Add to Marked List	E Analyze Results Citation Report feature not available. [?]
Refine Results	1. Notes from a Nurse's Diary By: Bancroft, Agnes H. Willoughby AMERICAN JOURNAL OF NURSING Volume: 33 Issue: 2 Pages: 169-169 Published: FEB 1933	Times Cited: 0 (from Web of Science Core Collection) Usage Count ~
Search within results for	2. Treatment of typhus with anti-typhus horse serum By: Wolman, M LANCET Volume: 2 Pages: 210-212 Published: 1944	Times Cited: 7 (from Web of Science Core Collection)
Web of Science Categories 🔹	Q5-F-X	Usage Count 🛩
PUBLIC ENVIRONMENTAL     OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH (1,619)     MEDICINE GENERAL INTERNAL     (1,238)     TROPICAL MEDICINE (1,095)	3. PROFESSOR GIGLIO, ANTONELLI AND ARTICLE-17 OF THE TREATY-OF-WICHALE By: RUBENSON, S JOURNAL OF AFRICAN HISTORY Volume: 7 Issue: 3 Pages: 445-457 Published: 1966 Ø:rFxI [Full Text from Publisher]	Times Cited: 0 (from Web of Science Core Collection) Usage Count ~
INFECTIOUS DISEASES (914)     VETERINARY SCIENCES (818)	GALLA MONARCHY - JIMMA-ABBA-JIFAR, ETHIOPIA, 1830-1932 - LEWIS, HS	Times Cited: 0 (from Web of Science Core

Proceedings of the 14<sup>,</sup> International Conference on Private Higher Education in Africa

Noted in this exponential growth is its production of high impact authors either through local or international collaboration. The figure below highlights the top 25 authors based on their publication output as coming from Ethiopia.

View Records		-		-	Save Analysis Data to File
× Exclude Records	Field: Authors R	Record Count	% of 13538	Bar Chart	<ul> <li>Data rows displayed in table</li> <li>All data rows (up to 200,000)</li> </ul>
	ASEFFA A	186	1.374 %	1	
	HAILU A	152	1.123 %	1	
	BERHANE Y	139	1.027 %	I	
	NYSSEN J	120	0.886 %	1	
	MEDHIN G	118	0.872 %	T	
	DECKERS J	112	0.827 %	1	
	HAILE M	110	0.813 %	1	
	ALEM A	105	0.776 %	1	
	BEKELE A	96	0.709 %	1	
	WORKU A	94	0.694 %	1	
	DAVEY G	88	0.650 %	1	
	LINDTJORN B	84	0.620 %	1	
	POESEN J	81	0.598 %	1	
	CHANDRAVANSHI BS	80	0.591 %	1	
	TEGEGNE A	80	0.591 %	1	
	WOLDAY D	78	0.576 %	1	
	DAGNE E	76	0.561 %	1	
	ERKO B	74	0.547 %	1	
	BEKELE E	71	0.524 %	1	
	ALI A	70	0.517 %	1	
	KEBEDE D	70	0.517 %	1	
	BRITTON S	68	0.502 %	T.	
	AMENI G	65	0.480 %	- E	
	MARIAM DH	65	0.480 %	1	
	GEBRE T	63	0.465 %	1	

Included in these developments is the growth in influence of Ethiopian universities and their collaborators and as noted below Addis Ababa University is the most influential university in Ethiopia. This is compared against 24 institutes who have either partnered with Ethiopian or International universities.

<ul> <li>View Records</li> </ul>				D 01 1	
× Exclude Records	Field: Organizations-Enhanced	Record Count	% of 13912	Bar Chart	
	ADDIS ABABA UNIVERSITY	5408	38.873 %		
	INTERNATIONAL LIVESTOCK RESEARCH INSTITUTE	848	6.095 %	10 C	
	JIMMA UNIV	710	5.104 %	1.00	
	MEKELLE UNIVERSITY	647	4.651 %	1.00	
	HAWASSA UNIV	539	3.874 %	1.00	
	UNIV GONDAR	484	3.479 %	1.00	
	ARMAUER HANSEN RES INST	483	3.472 %	1.00	
	UNIVERSITY OF LONDON	454	3.263 %	1.00	
	HARAMAYA UNIVERSITY	384	2.760 %	1	
	BAHIR DAR UNIVERISTY	372	2.674 %	1	
	GHENT UNIVERSITY	275	1.977 %	1	
	WAGENINGEN UNIVERSITY RESEARCH CENTER	247	1.775 %	1	
	KU LEUVEN	245	1.761 %	1	
	LONDON SCHOOL OF HYGIENE TROPICAL MEDICINE	244	1.754 %	1	
	UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA SYSTEM	232	1.668 %	1	
	ETHIOPIAN HLTH NUTR RES INST	231	1.660 %	1	
	SWEDISH UNIVERSITY OF AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES	224	1.610 %	1	
	KAROLINSKA INSTITUTET	199	1.430 %	1	
	NORWEGIAN UNIVERSITY OF LIFE SCIENCES	183	1.315 %	1	
	UNIVERSITY OF OSLO	161	1.157 %	1	
	EMORY UNIVERSITY	156	1.121 %	1	
	ALEMAYA UNIV	155	1.114 %	1	
	ETHIOPIAN INST AGR RES	152	1.093 %	1	
	UNIVERSITY OF BERGEN	152	1.093 %	1	
	MINIST HLTH	137	0.985 %	1	

Ethiopia's top research focus is Agriculture, bearing in mind that food security is a major problem in Africa and particularly in this country, it comes as no surprise. These research areas equally attract the largest amount of funding for the country.

View Records					Save Analysis Data to File
× Exclude Records	Field: Research Areas	Record Count	% of 13177	Bar Chart	<ul> <li>Data rows displayed in table</li> <li>All data rows (up to 200,000)</li> </ul>
	AGRICULTURE	2089	15.853 %		
	PUBLIC ENVIRONMENTAL OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH	1537	11.664 %	-	
	GENERAL INTERNAL MEDICINE	1236	9.380 %	-	
	TROPICAL MEDICINE	1059	8.037 %	-	
	INFECTIOUS DISEASES	856	6.496 %		
	ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCES ECOLOGY	852	6.466 %		
	VETERINARY SCIENCES	797	6.048 %		
	PLANT SCIENCES	651	4.940 %	1	
	CHEMISTRY	502	3.810 %		
	PARASITOLOGY	475	3.605 %	1	
	GEOLOGY	447	3.392 %		
	SCIENCE TECHNOLOGY OTHER TOPICS	431	3.271 %	1	
	IMMUNOLOGY	409	3.104 %	1	
	PHARMACOLOGY PHARMACY	377	2.861 %	1	
	MICROBIOLOGY	367	2.785 %	1	
	BUSINESS ECONOMICS	340	2.580 %	1	
	WATER RESOURCES	294	2.231 %	1	
	FOOD SCIENCE TECHNOLOGY	292	2.216 %	1	
	ENGINEERING	257	1.950 %	1	
	PATHOLOGY	253	1.920 %	L	
	BIOCHEMISTRY MOLECULAR BIOLOGY	248	1.882 %	1	
	PHYSICS	216	1.639 %	L	
	BIOTECHNOLOGY APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY	207	1.571 %	1	
	PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION	207	1.571 %	1	
	NUTRITION DIETETICS	194	1.472 %	1	
View Records					Save Analysis Data to File
K Exclude Records	Field: Research Areas	Record Count	% of 13177	Bar Chart	<ul> <li>Data rows displayed in table</li> <li>All data rows (up to 200,000)</li> </ul>

264

When it comes to funding (as noted in the image below), one of the most unique aspects about its support of research in Ethiopia is that national institutes are leading. As compared to most African institutes that get their funding from international partners. This is a positive sign on Ethiopia's commitment in investing in research.

➔ View Records					Save Analysis Data to File
× Exclude Records	Field: Funding Agencies	Record Count	% of 13177	Bar Chart	<ul> <li>Data rows displayed in table</li> <li>All data rows (up to 200,000)</li> </ul>
	ADDIS ABABA UNIVERSITY	193	1.465 %	1	
	JIMMA UNIVERSITY	98	0.744 %	T.	
	WELLCOME TRUST	85	0.645 %	1	
	UNIVERSITY OF GONDAR	72	0.546 %	1	
	GERMAN ACADEMIC EXCHANGE SERVICE DAAD	64	0.486 %	T.	
	HARAMAYA UNIVERSITY	50	0.379 %	T.	
	BILL AND MELINDA GATES FOUNDATION	42	0.319 %	T.	
	NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION	36	0.273 %	1	
	BILL MELINDA GATES FOUNDATION	35	0.266 %	T.	
	MEKELLE UNIVERSITY	35	0.266 %	T.	
	SWEDISH RESEARCH COUNCIL	35	0.266 %	-E	
	ETHIOPIAN INSTITUTE OF AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH	31	0.235 %	1	
	NSF	30	0.228 %	T	
	NATIONAL INSTITUTES OF HEALTH	27	0.205 %	T.	
	HAWASSA UNIVERSITY	26	0.197 %	1.	
	NERC	26	0.197 %	1	
	ETHIOPIAN INSTITUTE OF AGRICULTURAL RESEARCH EIAR	25	0.190 %	T	
	EUROPEAN COMMISSION	23	0.175 %	T.	
	INTERNATIONAL FOUNDATION FOR SCIENCE IFS	23	0.175 %	E	
	SIDA SAREC	23	0.175 %	1	
0	SWEDISH INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT COOPERATION AGENCY SIDA	22	0.167 %	E	
	BAHIR DAR UNIVERSITY	21	0.159 %	T.	
	BILL AND MELINDA GATES FOUNDATION GLOBAL HEALTH PROGRAM	21	0.159 %	T.	
	EUROPEAN UNION	21	0.159 %	1	
	NATIONAL NATURAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION OF CHINA	20	0.152 %	1	
View Records					Save Analysis Data to File
K Exclude Records	Field: Funding Agencies	Record Count	% of 13177	Bar Chart	O Data rows displayed in table All data rows (up to 200,000)

Universities across Ethiopia are looking to build research capacity, train professionals, support postgraduate learning and increase academic output in the region. They aim to build world class institutions that can be benchmarked on a global platform.

Within this context, providing high impact data and science infrastructure are critical. Universities need high impact data that include high impact citation databases that will support basic and applied research, and assist Ethiopian Universities with benchmarking and evaluating research and support commercialization of research. The coverage and indexing of the databases within this offer is unrivalled and nothing comparable exists within the citation database arena. Web of Science is such a high impact database

Web of Science provides researchers, administrators, faculty, and students with quick, powerful access to the world's leading citation databases. Authoritative, multidisciplinary content covers over 12,000 of the highest impact journals worldwide—including open access journals—and over 160,000 conference proceedings. You'll find current and retrospective coverage in the sciences, social sciences, arts, and humanities, with coverage dating back to 1900. Focus on the essential data from across more than 250 disciplines.

Web of Science Core Collection offers the only true citation index—with carefully curated data providing you with the information you need to conduct your work. These include:

- Finding high-impact article and conference proceedings
- Uncovering relevant results in related fields

- Discovering emerging trends that help you pursue successful research and grant applications
- Identifying potential collaborators with significant citation records, and
- Integrating searching, writing and bibliography creation into one streamlined process using EndNote

Also included in the Web of Science are the following databases:

• Science Citation Index Expanded ® :

Over 8,500 major journals across 150 disciplines - 1900 to present.

- Social Sciences Citation Index<sup>®</sup>: Over 3,000 journals across 55 social science disciplines, as well as selected items from 3,500 of the world's leading scientific and technical journals — 1900 to present.
- Arts & Humanities Citation Index
   Fully indexes over 1,700 arts and humanities journals, as well as selected items over 250 scientific and social sciences journals from 1975 to present.
- Index Chemicus

Contains over 2.6 million compounds - dated to 1993

• Current Chemical Reactions

Contains over one million reactions — dated to 1986; plus INPI archives from 1840 to 1985

Book Citation Index

Indexes over 50,000 editorially selected books with 10,000 new books added each year — from 2005 to present

• Conference Proceedings Citation Index — • available back to 1990

The fastest way to gain access to cutting edge, impactful research derived from conference proceedings literature

These databases are hosted on the state-of-the-art WEB OF SCIENCE platform which allows seamless access, searching and citation analyses across all citation databases.

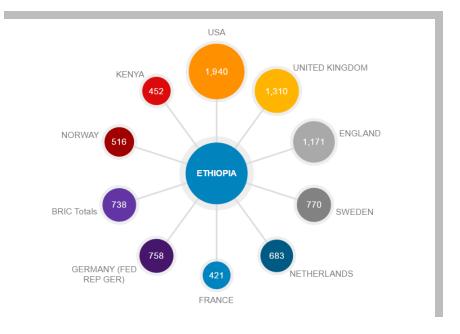
Ethiopian universities are in the process of building infrastructure and resources to strengthen teaching, learning and research at their institutions. In order to do this they have to consider a wide variety of proposals for supporting their aims and different focuses at universities. One of the ways in doing this is through benchmarking and analytics of their universities, which, supports them in monitoring the performance of their universities. This also includes monitoring of the country's performance in the region. Below is a figure that compares Ethiopia's research performance with toher countries in the region.

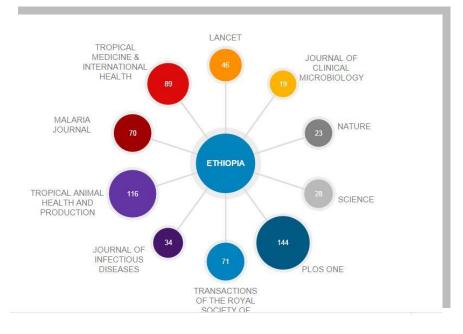
KENYA						30,475
TANZANIA						
		13,637				
UGANDA		12,010				
ethiopia		13,079				
RWANDA 1,937 Web Science Do	of cuments	13,079				
0	5,000	10,000	15,000	20,000	25,000	30,0

It is through benchmarking and analytics that one can also monitor the performance of top research areas coming from Ethiopia. The figure below shows the most cited research areas in Ethiopia:

New Tile					
PLANT SCIENCES <b>84.62%</b>					
VETERINARY	INFECTIOUS DISEASES <b>79.13%</b>	AGRONOMY <b>79.06%</b>	TROPICAL MEDICINE 77.36%		
SCIENCES 81.89%	ENVIRONMEN <sup>*</sup> 76.12%	TAL SCIENCES			
AGRICULTURE, DAIRY & ANIMAL SCIENCE <b>79.55%</b>	PUBLIC, ENVIRONME OCCUPATIONAL HEA 69.19%	NTAL &	MEDICINE, GENERAL & INTERNAL 67.68%		

The benchmarking and analytics tools help in showing collaborative partners from a regional, institutional and author level. It also monitors Ethiopia's publishing habits as highlighted in the figures below.





The benchmarking and analytics tool called InCites comes with research capacity support highlighting the following:

- Bibliometrics:
- o Introduction and application
- o Value and limitations of bibliometric indicators within Ethiopia's context
- o New methods and indicators for evaluating and measuring impact and performance
- o Tools to evaluate performance
- Research management tools:
- o Understanding tools such as InCites
- o Using tools to analyse collaborations
- o Using tools to identify funders for your research
- o Journal analysis

- o Research trends evaluations
- o Benchmarking across the Ethiopian research landscape both researchers and institutions
- o Institutional profiles and ranking information
- o Global benchmarking and analysis
- How individual researchers can influence their impact and influence:
- o Researcher branding
- o What is your citation impact and what influences your impact

In a nutshell, in order to support Ethiopian universities in making them competitive Thomson Reuters also offers the following key differentiators that will resonate for local researchers and universities with the following;

- Training and capacity building that will deepen the research culture in African countries.
- Exposure to only the top, international, peer reviewed academic literature.
- Access to unprecedented citation analysis data that will allow researchers to evaluate and benchmark their research.
- Journal citation information that will allow researchers to identify in which journals to publish in order to increase the visibility of their research.
- Unique and comprehensive compilation analytical tools. An ideal analytical resource for policymakers, administrators, analysts and information specialists in government agencies, universities, corporations, private laboratories and foundations.